

### Style Guides—Who Needs Them

#### **Practical Conference on Communications**

October 10-11, 2008

**Judy Shenouda** 

Owner, Shenouda Associates Inc.

Shenouda@easescommunication.com www.easescommunication.com

## Topics

- All technical writing organizations need style guides
- The ability to find, develop, and commercialize a style guide is within the technical writer's skill set
- Examples of styles guides abound
- Become inspired and get started!

## Who needs a style guide?

- We all do!
  - Content providers, reviewers, writers, editors, graphic designers, and publishers
- Why?
  - We care about the quality of
    - the English source publication
    - I the translated publications
  - We want our publications to achieve the intended business goal

# What's wrong here? Plenty!

Thru membership in the **Society for Technical Communication** (STC) I have honed my craft and mastered the changing tools required to design, development, and deliver publications. Though membership in the (PMI) **Project Management Institute**, I have learned applying project management principals to my work. Every project, including those related to Publishing must manage scope, Time, cost, QUALITY, human resources, communications, risk procurement and etc. In a affiliation with a area Toastmasters Club, Ive found a environmental for practizing speeches and learning what works good in the professional speakers field.

## Matters of style include...

- Abbreviations, acronyms, and initialisms
- Formatting
- Highlighting and emphasizing
- Language that is objective, gender neutral, and free of bias, jargon, and litigation issues
- Logical structure and organization
- Numbers and units of measure

- Parallelism
- Pronoun and noun agreement
- Punctuation and capitalization
- Software and other specialized terminology
- Spelling, grammar, voice, verb tense, and tone
- Subject and verb agreement
- Trademarks and copyrights
- Warnings and disclaimers
- And much more!

# What matters-of-style resources are available?

ASD-STE100 Specification. air-transport.org

Blicq, Ron et al. *Guidelines for Writing English Language Technical Documentation for an International Audience*. Winnipeg, Canada. INTECOM International Language Project Group, 2005.

www.tekom.de/upload/alg/INTECOM Guidelines.pdf

Encarta World English Dictionary. New York, NY: St. Martin's Press, 1999.

European Commission Directorate-General for Translation. *English Style Guide*. http://ec.europa.eu/translation/writing/style\_guides/english/style\_guide\_en.pdf

IEEE Standards Style Manual. standards.ieee.org/guides/index.html

Kohl, John R. *The Global English Style Guide: Writing Clear, Translatable Documentation for a Global Market*. Cary, NC: SAS Press, 2008. <u>support.sas.com/kohl</u> (see <u>Amazon.com</u> for a sample chapter)

# What matters-of-style resources are available?

Lauchman, Richard. *Plain Language: A Handbook for Writers in The U.S. Federal Government.* Rockville, MD: Lauchman Group, 2001-2007.

<a href="mailto:lauchmangroup.com/PDFfiles/PLHandbook.PDF">lauchmangroup.com/PDFfiles/PLHandbook.PDF</a>

Microsoft Trademarks. microsoft.com/library/toolbar/3.0/trademarks/en-us.mspx

Microsoft® Manual of Style for Technical Publications. Redmond, WA: Microsoft Press, 2004.

Rowlett, Russ. *How Many? A Dictionary of Units of Measurement*. University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill. <a href="mailto:unc.edu/~rowlett/units/sipm.html">unc.edu/~rowlett/units/sipm.html</a>

Rubens, Philip. *Science and Technical Writing: A Manual of Style*. New York, NY: Henry Holt and Co., Inc. 1992.

The Chicago Manual of Style Online. chicagomanualofstyle.org/contents.html

The Guide to Translation & Localization. Lingo Systems and the American Translators Association, 2002. <a href="mailto:lingosys.com/">lingosys.com/</a>

# When is it time to develop your own style guide?

- Your specific issues are not addressed
- You want to *right size* a commercial style guide
- You want to combine what is appropriate from many resources into one guide
- Other reasons?

### You can do it!

Publication Projects—Our Process

- Phase 1: Initiate and Plan
- Phase 2: Design and Develop
- Phase 3: Review, Validate, and Revise
- Phase 4: Publish, Deliver, and Close



### Phase 1: Initiate and Plan

- Develop goals and objectives that are appropriate for audiences
- Collect and review all existing material
  - Research additional content material
- Develop working outline/table of contents
- Determine topics to develop and appropriate format



### Phase 2: Design and Develop

- Create templates/formats for deliverable
- Develop deliverable (manuals, guidelines, style guide, and more)
  - Interview Subject Matter Experts
  - Conduct research (from available hard copy and electronic resources)
- Submit drafts for client review

# Phase 3: Review, Validate, and Revise

- Receive reviewed drafts
- Incorporate review comments into subsequent drafts and final copy
- Copyedit deliverable for consistency, readability, and usability



# Phase 4: Publish, Deliver, and Close



- Produce deliverables
- Validate and revise, as needed
- Finalize and deliver files to client
- Evaluate the effectiveness of the project

### Publish!

- Publishers you know!
  - Your publications group
  - Your company
  - A professional organization
- Self publish
  - Print on demand
  - e-book

- Commercial publishers
  - Identify them
  - Read and follow their submission guidelines
- Products
- A caveat...know who has the copyright!

## What are your next steps?

- My next steps are...
- My role is...
- Others who can join me are...



